

Skills Worksheet

Concept Review**MATCHING**

In the space provided, write the letter of the term or phrase that best matches the description.

- | | |
|--|-----------------------------------|
| _____ 1. ground-level ozone | a. primary pollutant |
| _____ 2. scrubber | b. secondary pollutant |
| _____ 3. radon gas | c. indoor air pollution |
| _____ 4. nitrogen oxides | d. pollution control |
| _____ 5. decreased pH | e. acid precipitation |
| _____ 6. possible long-term effect of air pollution | f. temperature inversion |
| _____ 7. necessary to control acid precipitation | g. lung cancer |
| _____ 8. atmospheric condition trapping pollution | h. deafness |
| _____ 9. possible short-term effect of air pollution | i. international agreement |
| _____ 10. possible long-term effect of noise pollution | j. nausea |

MULTIPLE CHOICE

In the space provided, write the letter of the term or phrase that best completes each statement or best answers each question.

- | | |
|--|---|
| _____ 11. Which of the following is an example of a primary pollutant?
a. ground-level ozone
b. soot from smoke
c. radon
d. All of the above | _____ 12. Which of the following would be a potential cause of sick-building syndrome?
a. acid precipitation
b. smog
c. fungi
d. all of the above |
|--|---|

Concept Review *continued*

- _____ **13.** Catalytic converters, scrubbers, and electrostatic precipitators are examples of
- technologies used to treat sick-building syndrome.
 - technologies used to counteract the effects of acid precipitation on aquatic ecosystems.
 - technologies used to capture radon gas.
 - technologies used to control pollution emissions.
- _____ **14.** During a temperature inversion,
- sulfur oxides and nitrogen oxides combine with water in the atmosphere.
 - an influx of acidic water causes a rapid change in the pH of water.
 - levels of ground-level ozone decrease.
 - pollutants are trapped near Earth's surface.
- _____ **15.** What is *not* a consequence of acid precipitation?
- an increase in the pH of soil and water
 - the death of aquatic plants and animals
 - the destruction of calcium carbonate in building materials
 - a change in the balance of soil chemistry
- _____ **16.** High blood pressure and stress are both human health effects linked to
- smog.
 - air pollution.
 - light pollution.
 - noise pollution.
- _____ **17.** Oil refineries and gasoline stations are both sources of
- particulate matter.
 - volatile organic compounds.
 - smog.
 - All of the above
- _____ **18.** Uranium-bearing rocks underneath a house can be a source of
- ozone.
 - asbestos.
 - radon.
 - formaldehyde.
- _____ **19.** An increase in the pH of a lake would most likely indicate
- the lake suffers from acid shock.
 - calcium carbonate has been released into the lake.
 - the area in which the lake is located suffers from acid precipitation.
 - higher than average sulfur oxide levels in the atmosphere.
- _____ **20.** Acid precipitation is formed when
- sulfur oxides or nitrogen oxides combine with water.
 - sulfur oxides combine with nitrogen oxides.
 - ozone combines with automobile exhaust.
 - nitric or sulfuric acids combine with ozone.

Answer Key

Concept Review

MATCHING

1. b
2. d
3. c
4. a
5. e
6. g
7. i
8. f
9. j
10. h

MULTIPLE CHOICE

11. b
12. c
13. d
14. d
15. a
16. d
17. b
18. c
19. b
20. a

Critical Thinking

ANALOGIES

- | | |
|------|-------|
| 1. b | 6. b |
| 2. b | 7. c |
| 3. a | 8. a |
| 4. d | 9. b |
| 5. d | 10. d |

INTERPRETING OBSERVATIONS

11. The higher the sulfate levels in the lake, the lower the size of the fish harvest.
12. No, the tests do not prove that acidification is causing the decline of the fish population for two reasons. First, there is no proof that sulfate levels affect fish populations. Second, there is no way to know that the fish harvest would not have declined without the addition of sulfates to the lake. In other words, without more data it is impossible to know if the fish harvest was already declining, presumably for other reasons.

AGREE OR DISAGREE

13. Answers may vary. Sample answer: Disagree. While lifestyle choices do lead to serious respiratory diseases, environmental factors such as air pollution costs Americans around tens of billions of dollars a year in health care costs.

14. Answers may vary. Sample answer: Agree. Mass transportation would help to decrease the amount of automobiles used, leading to a decrease in the amount of carbon dioxide released. Carbon dioxide released by motorized vehicles is one of the largest primary sources of air pollution in the world.

15. Answers may vary. Sample answer: Agree. The atmosphere is in constant circulation. That means that pollution released into the air over one country will eventually move over another country. Therefore, countries should work together to solve global air pollution concerns.

16. Answers may vary. Sample answer: Disagree. Noise pollution can lead to permanent deafness and high blood pressure, which can cause serious damage to the cardiovascular system. Furthermore, noise pollution leads to stress, which has been linked to many chronic diseases.

REFINING CONCEPTS

17. Accept any reasonable response. Sample answer: Instead of new carpeting, they should install a hard-surfaced floor that can be cleaned easily; new carpeting may encourage the growth of new mold, plus it may give off indoor air pollutants such as formaldehyde. They must clean the air ducts because those may be the source of mold and fungus spores, and they must check that the air ducts are bringing in outside air. They should take care of the air ducts first to make sure that ventilation during renovations is adequate. In addition, sealing up all the cracks in the building may aggravate the air-quality problem.